

① Consider the "finite-rod" problem

$$u_{tt} = c^2 u_{xx} \quad 0 < x < l$$

$$u(0,t) = u(l,t) = 0 \quad t > 0$$

$$\hat{\phi}(x) = 0$$

$$\hat{\psi}(x) \neq 0.$$

Solve the problem via D'Alembert's solution (travelling waves) and show that this is the same as the separation-of-variables or Fourier solution (cf. pp. 219-222).

② Suppose that  $u(x,y)$  is harmonic in the disk  $D = \{(r, \theta) : r < 2, 0 \leq \theta < 2\pi\}$  with  $u(2, \theta) = 1 + 3 \sin 2\theta$ .

(a) Find the maximum value of  $u$  in  $\bar{D}$ .

(b) Find the value of  $u$  at the center  $(x,y) = (0,0)$ .

③ Solve  $\Delta u = 0$  in the half-disk

$$\Omega = \{(r, \theta) : r < 1, 0 < \theta < \pi\},$$

subject to  $u(r, 0) = u(r, \pi) = 0$

$$u(1, \theta) = \pi \sin \theta - \sin 2\theta.$$