

Homework 9 Solutions

① Assuming E-L is enforced, and using $\left. \frac{d\eta}{dx_1} \right|_{x_1=a} = 0$,

$$\delta I \stackrel{\text{p. 151}}{=} \mathcal{D} \int_0^b \left[-\frac{d}{dx_1} \left(\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x_2^2} \right) \right. \\ \left. - (1-\nu) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} \right] \eta \Big|_{x_1=a} dx_2$$

$$- \int_0^b q \eta \Big|_{x_1=a} dx_2 = 0 \quad \forall \eta \in \mathcal{X}_0.$$

$$\Rightarrow \left[\frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1^3} + 2(1-\nu) \frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2^2} \right] \Big|_{x_1=a} = -\frac{q}{\mathcal{D}} \quad 0 \leq x_2 \leq b.$$

② $\delta I \stackrel{\text{p. 158, 159}}{=} \int_{\Omega} \left[-\nabla \cdot \left(\nabla_A W(\underline{\nabla} u) \right) + \hat{b} \right] \cdot \underline{\eta} \, d\underline{x}$

$$+ \int_{\partial\Omega_2} \nabla_A W(\underline{\nabla} u) \cdot \underline{n} \cdot \underline{\eta} \, dS = 0 \quad \forall \underline{\eta} \in \mathcal{X}_0.$$

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 0 on $\partial\Omega_1$

Assuming E-L, and since $\underline{\eta}|_{\partial\Omega_2}$ is arbitrary, we have

$$\nabla_A W(\underline{\nabla} u) \cdot \underline{n} \Big|_{\partial\Omega_2} = \underline{0}$$

$$\text{or} \quad \frac{\partial W}{\partial A_{ij}}(\underline{\nabla} u) n_j \Big|_{\partial\Omega_2} = 0 \quad i=1,2,3.$$